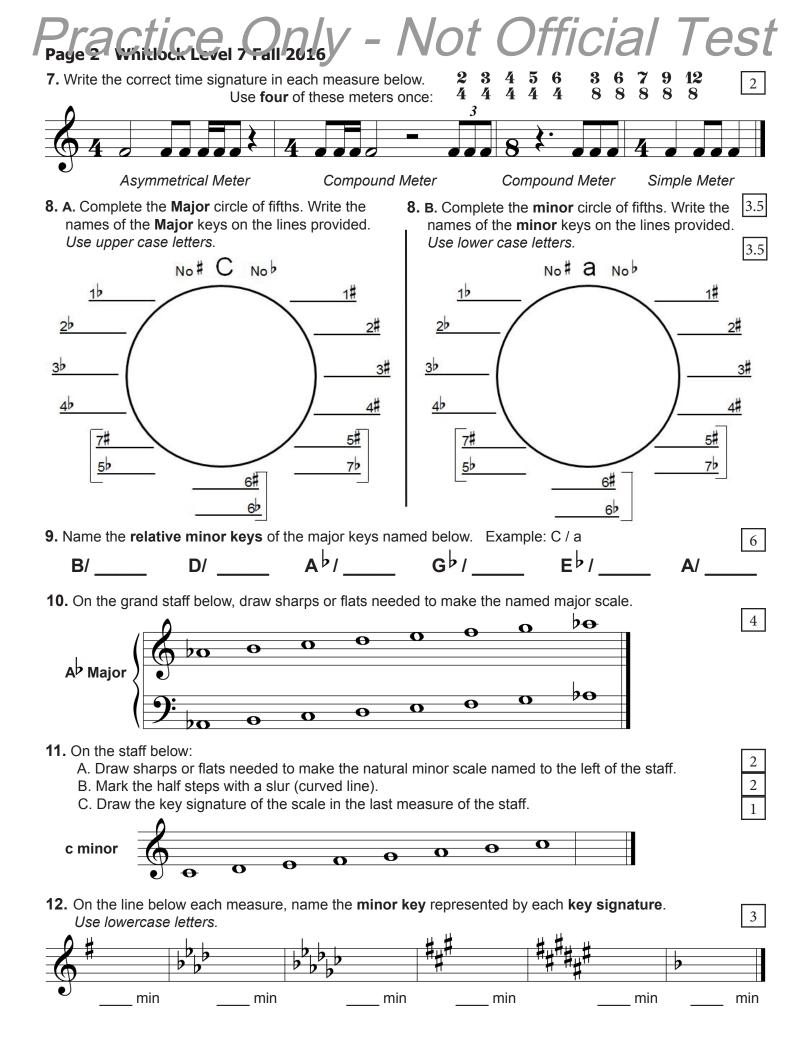
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| Use ledger lines if needed. | | | | | | | | |
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- Not UT Name

Last Name, First Name. Please print.

13. On the grand staff below:

- A. Draw the key signature on both the treble and bass staff for each named key.
- B. On the Bass staff, draw only the root notes of the I, IV, and V triads. Use whole notes.

C. On the Treble Staff, construct the I, IV, and V triads in root position. Use whole notes.



14. Build **Major** triads on the given root. **Do not change the given note.** Use accidentals when necessary. 5



3

3

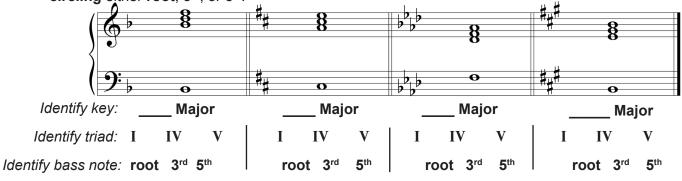
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10

- 15. For each measure below:
 - A. Name the Major key.
 - B. Identify the triad on the treble staff by circling the correct Roman numeral.
 - C. Identify the note in the bass clef as the root, 3rd, or 5th of the triad on the treble staff by circling either root, 3rd, or 5th.



16. Write the number of the correct definition in the blank. One definition will not be used.

- _____ al Fine
- 1. A chromatic sign that lowers a tone two half steps
- Animato
- 3. Sweetly
- Da Capo

Compound Meter

- Dolce
- Dominant Triad
- Double Flat
- Minor Third
- Poco a Poco
 - °oco 9. l
- _____ Subdominant Triad

4. A term to indicate a repeat from the beginning of the piece

2. A meter in which the beat can be divided into groups of three

- 5. A triad built on scale degree four
- 6. A triad built on scale degree five
- 7. An interval that has three half steps and is spelled as a skip
- 8. Animated, lively
- 9. Little by little
 - 10. More motion; quicker
 - 11. Play to the point marked fine; the end

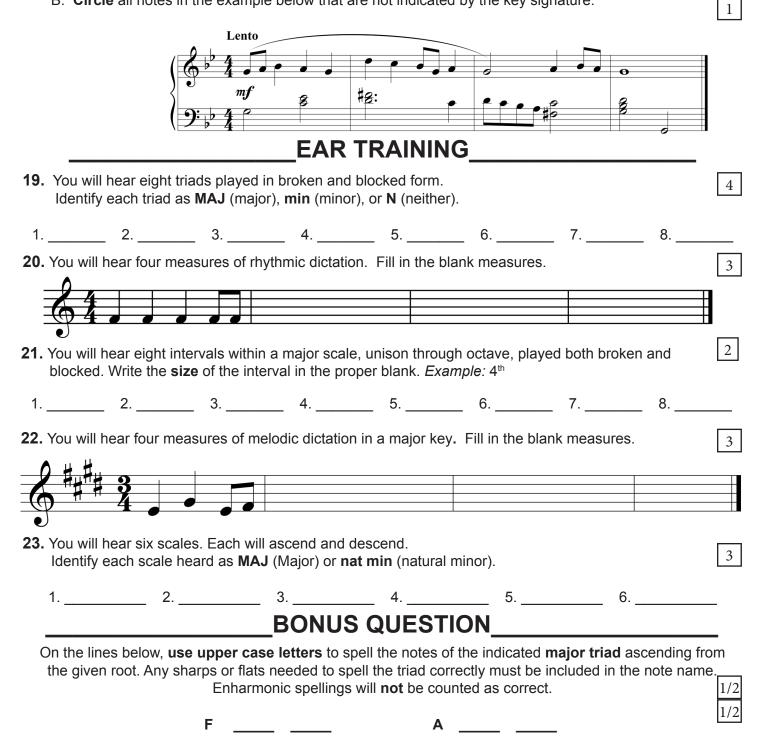
Page Which cherd below write the name of the major chord. If the note in the bass is different from the root

17. For each chord below, write the name of the major chord. If the note in the bass is different from the root, name the bass note after writing a slash. Examples: C, C/E, C/G



- **18.** In the musical example below:
 - A. This example is marked "*Lento*." It should be played (very fast, lively, or slowly)? (circle one)B. Circle all notes in the example below that are not indicated by the key signature.

1





Texas Music Teachers Association

Student Affiliate Theory Test Ear Training Instructions

Whitlock Level 7

For each question:

- A. Play according to suggested tempo.
- B. All examples are MM: = 60
- C. Leave plenty of silence between repetitions to allow hearing mentally.
- D. Pause the audio tracks as needed to allow students time to write their answers.

Question 19: Triad Identification

- 1. Read the test question aloud and answer any questions.
- 2. Play each triad using the method illustrated in example one. Pause. Repeat.
- 3. Continue the same through all examples.
- 4. Play all examples once more, pausing briefly between each one.



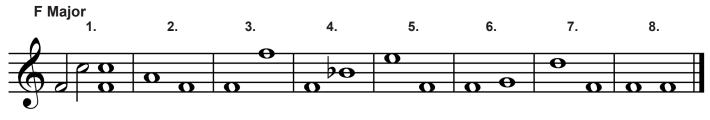
Question 20: Rhythmic Dictation

- 1. Read the test question aloud and answer any questions.
- 2. Explain that a four-measure example will be played all on one pitch. The students are to draw the types of notes they hear, where they are needed. The first measure is printed on the test.
- 3. Establish the tempo and beat by tapping and counting aloud one measure before playing each time. Do not count or tap while playing.
- 4. Play the example through, accenting the first beat of each measure.
- 5. Play again while the students clap and count aloud. Play a third time, then wait while they write.
- 6. Announce and play the first two measures. Pause. Repeat. Announce and play the last two measures. Pause. Repeat. After a pause for writing, play all four measures once more.



Question 21: Intervals

- 1. Read the test question aloud and answer any questions.
- 2. Play the major scale and tonic triad tones 1-3-5-3-1. Repeat the keynote and say its letter name.
- 3. Play the first example as a melodic interval and a harmonic interval. Pause. Repeat.
- 4. Continue through all examples using the method illustrated in example one.
- 5. Play all examples once more, pausing briefly between each interval.



Continued on the back

Page 2 Whitlock Level 7 Fall 2016 - NOT Official Testions (Continued)

Question 22: Melodic Dictation

- 1. Read the test question aloud and answer any questions. Explain that you will play a four-measure melody and explain the dictation procedure. The first measure is printed on the test.
- 2. Play the major scale and tonic triad tones 1-3-5-3-1. Repeat the keynote and say its letter name.
- 3. Establish the tempo and beat by tapping and counting aloud one measure before each time you play. Do not count or tap while playing.
- 4. Play all four measures at the tempo indicated. Repeat as the students sing along.
- 5. Repeat all four measures once again while they write.
- 6. Announce and play the first two measures. Pause. Repeat.
- 7. Announce and play the last two measures preceded by the last note of measure two. Pause. Repeat.
- 8. After a pause for writing, play all four measures once more.



Question 23: Scale Identification

- 1. Read the test question aloud and answer any questions.
- 2. Play each example, as illustrated, twice.
- 3. Play all examples once more, pausing briefly between them.



REMIND STUDENTS TO COMPLETE THE BONUS QUESTION AT THE BOTTOM OF THE TEST.